WAV Habitat Assessment Transect Worksheet



This worksheet should be used alongside **DNR Form 3600-532A Wadable Stream Qualitative Fish Habitat Rating for Streams \leq 10m (\leq33 ft) Wide. Use this worksheet to record data for the seven habitat assessment parameters for all** *10 transects* **within your stream assessment length. Following this worksheet will ensure your measurements of the habitat in each transect are accurate and averaged equally into your final qualitative habitat score.**

Step 1: Calculate the station length and transect spacing										
Circle your unit of measurement:	feet (ft) OR meters (m)									
Stream width at starting point =	stream width (ft / m)									
Stream width × 35 =	stream assessment length (ft / m) (minimum 100m (300ft) to maximum 400m (1300ft))									
Stream assessment length ÷ 10 =	transect spacing (ft / m)									
Step 2: Walk upstream assessing six of the seven habitat parameters in each transect										
Riparian buffer width (ft/m)	In each transect, look at the riparian area on each side of the stream. If the undisturbed buffer appears to be <10m or <33ft wide, use your tape measure to measure the width on each side.									
Bank erosion (ft/m)	In each transect, measure the height of any eroded banks on each side of the stream with your marked D-net or meter stick.									
Pool area (%)	In each transect, observe the number of pools (or measure their lengths) to determine the percentage (%) of the transect that is comprised of pools. Pools are deeper areas with <i>slow-moving</i> water compared to the rest of the stream.									
Width : depth ratio	In each transect, measure the stream width and the depth of the thalweg. The thalweg is the main path of deepest, fastest water.									
Fine sediments (%)	In each transect, observe the stream bottom to determine the percentage (%) made up of fine sediments (silt, sand, clay).									
Cover for fish (%)	In each transect, look for places that provide fish with cover and measure the depth of the water to confirm it is at least 0.2 m (0.7 ft) deep. Determine the percentage (%) of the transect that is comprised of fish cover.									
Step 3: <i>Return</i> downstream measuring the distance between riffles OR bends										
Riffle:Riffle or Bend:Bend ratio	2:Riffle or Bend:Bend ratio Walk the entire length of your station, measuring the distance between riffles OR bends. If measuring riffles (walking downstream), measure from the bottom of a riffle to the top of the next riffle. If measuring bends, measure from the middle of a bend to the middle of the next bend.									

Step 4: Calculate averages for the full station length and determine a final rating score for the 7 parameters

Use your completed worksheet to calculate averages for each parameter across the entire station length. Then fill out the DNR Wadable Stream Qualitative Fish Habitat form with your final rating scores.

-	Station ID:		Station name:							
-	Date:		Time:	Data collectors:						
			Habitat Parameters							
	Transect spacing ft	Riparian buffer width (ft/m)	Bank erosion (ft/m)	Pool area (%)	Wid Dep rat	lth: oth :io	Fine sediments (%)	Cover for fish (%)		Riffle:Riffle or Bend:Bend Distance (ft)
	1				Width Depth Ratio					
	2									
	3									
	4									
Iransects	5									
	6									
	7									
	8									
	9									
	10									
	Average									
	Final rating									

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